Outdoor Learning Experience (4 to 6 years old)

Learning Experience: Balance, twist, turn and stretch	Shared by: Miriam Lee, Lim Tong Hai
Environment: Neighbourhood surrounding preschool	Estimated time: 30 minutes
Children's prior knowledge: Children have basic experience in underarm rolling and overarm throw.	
 What children will experience (NEL Learning Areas): Motor Skills Development (Gross Motor Skills): Children will learn to balance, twist, turn and stretch as they explore a variety of ways to create different shapes with their bodies. 	Suitable for: • 4 to 6 years old
Discovery of the World: • Children will learn to observe and become more aware about things that are found in the neighbourhood surrounding their school.	
Social Emotional Development: • Children will work with peers to create different shapes using their bodies.	
 Aesthetic and Creative Expression: Children will use their imagination as they manoeuvre their bodies individually or with their peers to create various shapes. 	
What you will need: No resources required	Benefit-Risk Assessment: Benefit: Children will develop body awareness as they learn to balance, twist, turn, stretch while using their observation skills to become aware of the surroundings.

1113	,

 Uneven ground or hazardous items, such as sharp or breakable items, found on the ground.

Management:

• Do a visual scan of each location to ensure space is safe for children to carry out the activity.

How to make it happen:

- 1. Bring children on a walk around the neighbourhood.
- 2. Play the game "I Spy":
 - The teacher or chosen child to lead the activity spots an object and says "I spy with my little eye something ... (say colour)".
 - Other children guess the object he is looking at.
 - For example, "I spy with my little eye something white" ... other children guess... If the children are not able to guess it, teacher/leader provides the answer "it's a Chair".
- 3. Children will then have to balance, twist, turn, bend etc. their bodies to create a shape that looks like the object (e.g., a chair). Objects can be a living or non-living thing.
- 4. Activity can be done individually or in pairs or threes depending on the object shape (teacher to specify).